MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FORM

roperty Name: Randallstown Police Barracks/Harrisonville School		Inventory Number	Inventory Number: BA-152	
Address: Liberty Road (MD 26) & Deer F	Park Road	Historic district:	yes X no	
City: Randallstown	Zip Code:	County: B	altimore County	
USGS Quadrangle(s): Reisterstown				
Property Owner:		Tax Account ID Nu	mber:	
Tax Map Parcel Number(s):	Tay Man Nun	nber:		
Project:	Ager	cy: DDOT/FHWA		
n in Print.		hade the same and	anning a garage of the second	
Preparer's Name:	and windows and protection of the control of the co	Date Prepared:	1/4/1980	
Documentation is presented in: federal fil	le		The state of the s	
Preparer's Eligibility Recommendation:	X Eligibility recommende	d I	Eligibility not recommended	
Criteria: A B X C D	Considerations: A	B C D	\mathbf{E} \mathbf{F} \mathbf{G}	
Complete if the property is a co	ntributing or non-contributing resou	rce to a NR district/pr	operty:	
Name of the District/Property:				
Inventory Number:	Eligible:	yes List	ed: yes	
ite visit by MHT Staff yes	X no Name:		Date:	
Barracks is architecturally significant for er of polychrome granite ashlar for the exterior	or and in the variety of additional cor	struction materials us	ed.	
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST R				
Eligibility recommended X	Eligibility not recommended	P. C		
	Eligibility not recommended	ВС	D E F G	
Eligibility recommended X Criteria: A B X C	Eligibility not recommended D Considerations: A	B C	D E F G	
Eligibility recommended X Criteria: A B X C MHT Comments: Federal DOE	Eligibility not recommended D Considerations: A rvation Services er NR			

1877-79

The present police barrack was adapted from a stone public school built on a lot acquired in 1878. It was an attempt on the part of the Baltimore County School Commissioners to get away from strictly functional buildings. Architect was Frank E. Davis and contractor was John G. Codling, as deduced from the minute books of the commissioners. The building is cruciform, with a gothic arch on the east end which frames the central windows. The school was sold off to a private citizen in 1927 and in 1932, it was purchased by the DMV to use as a police station: at that time, a number of dormers were added to provide sleeping quarters and other changes were made. In 1979, the structure was found to be within the take-lines of a project to widen Liberty Road.

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

				
1 NAME				
HISTORIC				
Harrisonvill	e Public School, Schoo	ol 9, District 2		
AND/OR COMMON	- ••			
	Police Barracks	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
2 LOCATION	I			
STREET & NUMBER		_		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	berty Road and Deer Pa	ark Road		
city, town Randallstown		1/(O)AUTH 05	CONGRESSIONAL	DISTRICT
STATE		VICINITY OF	6th	
Maryland			Baltimore	
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	1	PRESENT USE
DISTRICT	X PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTU	
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERC	
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATION	ALPRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAIN	
UBJEC1	IN PROCESS	X YES RESTRICTED	GOVERNME	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES_UNRESTRICTED NO	INDUSTRIA MILITARY	LTRANSPORTATIONOTHER
State of Mary	land (Motor Vehicles)		Telephone #:	
CITY TOWN			STATE	-Zip code
Glen Burnie		VICINITY OF	Maryland	21062 code
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION	Liber #: CW	B JR. 900
COURTHOUSE			Folio #:	89
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	County Courts Buil	lding	rorro #.	
STREET & NUMBER	401 Bosley Avenue			
CITY, TOWN	Towson		STATE Maryland 2	1204
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXISTI	NG SURVEYS		A STATE OF THE STA
TITLE				
Baltimore Cou	nty Historic Sites Im	ventory		
DATE				
On-going since	e 1965 BA 152	FEDERAL	XSTATE _COUNTY _I	OCAL
	Maryland Historical Tr	rust, 21 State Ci	rcle	
CITY, TOWN	N		STATE	-3 21401
	Annapolis		Maryla	nd 21401

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

_EXCELLENT X_GOOD

FAIR

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS

_UNEXPOSED

_UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

_MOVED DATE_____

-1- - CR

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The former Harrisonville schoolhouse is a small sturdy building in cruciform layout. built of granite ashlar, with slate roofing and a number of dormers added to adapt it to later uses. The entrance facade is the end of the building facing east. Entrance is by doors on either side of this facade, but located in the two shorter wings.

Style is functional or vernacular, but the architect allowed himself one touch of Gothic in the main facade, where a pair of sash windows is framed in a very heavy pointed stone arch that projects out from the building and cantilevers to support a small section of roofing. The gable ends of the main facade and of the south wing are filled in with clapboard. On the main facade, the clapboarding forms a background for the arched window and its small gable roof.

In this century, the original space was expanded by adding a number of dormers; there is a long shed-roofed dormer on the north side and three gable-roofed dormers on the south side. Side walls of the dormers are sheathed in slate. The school was built with 6-over-6 double-hung sash windows along the sides, but with taller and narrower windows on the main facade. Some window openings have been filled in: the south wing of the cross has been fitted with very small windows and is apparently a lavatory.

This police station stands just west of a commonplace shopping center but was only a few years ago in an isolated and rural setting. The station is on a triangle of land and the grounds east of the building are neatly kept in grass. There are good quality suburban houses on the southside of Liberty Road opposite.

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	_RELIGION
_1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	tAW	_SCIENCE
_1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
_1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	X DUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
_1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
_ \$800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PH!LOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
_1900	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRYINVENTION	X.POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1878-79	BUILDER/ARG	HITECT Frank E. Davis	s, A. I. A.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The present police barrack is an adapted schoolhouse and its construction represented an attempt on the part of the Board of School Commissioners to plan schools with customized designs, breaking away from the stereotyped schoolhouse plans adopted only 18 years before.

The Commissioners' annual report for the year 1878 stated:

To Mary J. Phillips \$230 for three fourths of an acre at the intersection of Deer Park Road and the Liberty Turnpike. A contract is in perfection for the erection of a stone house on this lot to take the place of the one now rented for School 9, District 2. (1)

Land records show that the lot was acquired on July 16, 1878. (2) The board's ninutes book reveals that the decision had been made at their meeting of July 9:

On motion it was ordered that the Board lease from Mary J. Phillips a lot of ground containing about three fourths of an acre for the use of School 9. District 2, that the sum to be paid for said lot shall be two hundred and fifty dollars, and the ground rent one cent, and that said lot shall be restricted to and for the use of School purposes only and for white children and that Thos. G. Ruttledge be appointed Attorney in fact to acknowledge the Lease. (3)

Every school had a number within its election district, and this one was School 9, District 2. Any school's progress can be followed through the minutes book by the numbers versus bills submitted for services. All the schools of this period were designed by Frank E. Davis, and he was paid \$56 for the design of a stone school at a meeting of 1879. The only contractor mentioned in connection with School 9, District 2, is John Q. Codling. (4) Davis, admitted to the A.I.A. in 1870, was the designer of the Odd Fellows Fall at Saratoga and Cathedral Streets. Baltimore (1891): as a member of Davis & Davis, he was co-designer of the Fifth Regiment Armory.

And in 1885, the Board looked back on a period of active school construction, reporting:

During the past decade much more has been expended on school houses. Substantial brick or stone buildings now replace the old time frame shells which were as a rule miserably located and built. These houses need only to be seen to be known forever thereafter. They are all fashioned after the same plan, if such it may be called, and a vestibule 4 by 6 feet

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

(continued)

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Annual reports of Board of School Commissioners and minute books; in Superintendent's safe, Board of Education, Greenwood, 6901 N. Charles Street. Towson, Maryland 21204.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE	SHEET IF NECESSARY	
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DAT	A 0.72	
See Map 66 Parcel P158.		
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	1	
Beginning on center line a. N21W 21 perches on De b. S53W 11.1 perches to	er Park Road	
c. S53-3/4E 21 perches a		
, = = F		
LIST ALL STATES AND COUN	TIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPIN	G STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	COUNTY	
None	None None	
STATE	COUNTY	
None	None	
11 FORM PREPARED BY		
NAME / TITLE		
John W. McGrain, Historic	Preservation Officer	
ORGANIZATION		DATE
Baltimore County Office o	f Planning and Zoning	October 1979
STREET & NUMBER		TELEPHONE
401 Bosley Avenue		494-3495

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

STATE

Maryland 21204

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

CITY OR TOWN

Towson

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

HARRISONVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOL

for an entrance is, the only thing to relieve them from being mistaken for a barn or stable. In this age of progress the schools should be in the van. School houses should be substantial, ornamental and commodious; they should be located on the most central and desirable sites to be found in their respective neighborhoods: the play grounds attached should be ample and should be separated for the two sexes, so as to make them entirely private; they should be supplied with comfortable furniture and be proper ventilated, heated, and lighted: in fact a good school house, to be attractive, should have all the comforts and conveniences of a good house. (10)

Every school had a trio of local trustees, and at No. 9, District 2, they were Thomas C. Worthington, Thomas Handley, and William Griffin. Tables in annual reports list teachers at all the 152 schools, and first shown at No. 9 was Ellen Turner, who had 37 pupils "on roll" for the fall term. (11) The 1881 report showed Ellen T. Chapman (presumably Ms. Turner after marriage) and George Harrison. (12) In the opening year the school ran up the following expenses:

Teacher's Salary	\$530.80/annum
Fuel	26.75
Rent	60.00
Furniture, black boards, stoves	150.99
Cost of books	57.25 (13)

The age was indeed a modern one, for in 1873, the board had reported:

There has been but one change in our booklist during the year—the substitution of the "New American Readers" for "McGuffeys" series. (14)

Each annual report carried a sample school exam, filled with words to spell: scientific terms and Greek personalities; staggering algebra problems riddled with radical signs and parentheses; and a quiz on "philosphy" including the questions, "What is matter," and "Waat is the hydrostatic process?" Probably no American school administrator of 1979 could answer such a barrage of stumpers.

In 1916, the school system was reorganized and the commissioners conveyed all their accumulated property to the Board of Education. With the arrival of automobiles and busses, the scattered local schools began to yield to the "consolidated" school, and in 1927, Harrisonville School was closed and the board sold it to a local resident, Eleanor P. Isaac, who served as a straw-party to convey to Eleanor P. Passano. (15) Ms. Passano held the property for five years and in 1932 sold to the State of Maryland, Department of Motor Vehicles. (16) The building became a barrack and local station of the Maryland State Police and still serves that function. Various surveys for changes to Liberty Road have caused concern as to the fate of this building, once the high-priced, monumental school of Baltimore County's capable and ambitious school managers.

HARRISONVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOL

NOTES:

- L. Report of the Board of County School Commissioners of Baltimore County for the Year Ending September 30, 1878 (Towsontown, 1879),
- 2. B.C. Deeds, JB 108:60
- Proceedings of the Board of School Commissioners of Baltimore County, July 9, 1878.
- 4. Proceedings of the Board, November 20, December 15,1879.
- 5. Proceedings, July 1879.
- 6. Proceedings, November 20, 1879.
- 7. Report of the Board...1879 (Towsontown), 1880, p. 6.
- 8. Report ... 1879, p. 25.
- 9. Report ... 1877.
- 10. Report ... 1885 (Towsontown, 1885), p. 5.
- 11. Report ... 1879, p. 27.
- 12. Report ... 1881 (Towsontown, 1882), p. 26.
- 13. Report ... 1879, p. 41.
- 14. Report ... 1873 (Towsontown, 1873). p. 10.
- 15. B.C. Deeds, WHM 653:18, 19.
- 16. B.C. Deeds, CWB JR. 900:89.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

11-32 Magi # 030152400.

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

NAME		7	0 8: (-::	
HISTORIC HAR	RISONVILLE PUBLIC	SCHOOL, School	9, District 2	
AND/OR COMMON				
RAN	DALLSTOWN POLICE F	BARRACKS		
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER	NW corner, Libert	y Road and Dee	r Park Road	
			CONGRESSIONAL DIST	RICT
CITY, TOWN	N.D	VICINITY OF	6th	
Randallsto		VICINITY OF	COUNTY	
Maryland			Baltimore (County
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	SENT USE
DISTRICT	X_PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMEN	TRELIGIOUS
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	X YES: RESTRICTED	X GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
STREET & NUMBER	aryland (Motor Veh	icles)	Telephone #:	
6601 Ritch	ie Highway		CTATE	zip code
CITY, TOWN		VICINITY OF		and 21062
Glen Burni				and 21002
LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESCE	APTION	Liber #: CWB	JR. 900
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS	ETC County Courts	Building	Folio #:	89
STREET & NUMBER	401 Bosley Ave	niie		
CITY, TOWN	101 BOBIEY 110		STATE	
	Towson		Maryl	and 21204
REPRESEN	NTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
	County Historic Si	tes Inventory		
DATE	. 1065 D. 150	FEDERAL	X STATE _COUNTY _LOC	A L
On-going s	ince 1965 BA 152	<u>. </u>		
On-going s DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	nce 1965 BA 152 Maryland Historic	al Trust, 21 S	tate Circle	
DEPOSITORY FOR	-	al Trust, 21 S	STATE	and 21401



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

 $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}^{\text{EXCELLENT}}_{\text{GOOD}}$

__FAIR

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

_UNALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The former Harrisonville schoolhouse is a small sturdy building in cruciform layout, built of granite ashlar, with slate roofing and a number of dormers added to adapt it to later uses. The entrance facade is the end of the building facing east. Entrance is by doors on either side of this facade, but located in the two shorter wings.

Style is functional or vernacular, but the architect allowed himself one touch of Gothic in the main facade, where a pair of sash windows is framed in a very heavy pointed stone arch that projects out from the building and cantilevers to support a small section of roofing. The gable ends of the main facade and of the south wing are filled in with clapboard. On the main facade, the clapboarding forms a background for the arched window and its small gable roof.

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PERIOD —PREHISTORIC —1400-1499 —1500-1599 —1600-1699 —1700-1799 X 1800-1899 —1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORICARCHEOLOGY-HISTORICAGRICULTURE	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS X_EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY INVENTION	LAND JUSTIFY BELOW LAND SCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY X POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1878-79	BUILDER/ARG	HITECT Frank E. Da	vis, A.I.A.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The present police barrack is an adapted schoolhouse and its construction represented an attempt on the part of the Board of School Commissioners to plan schools with customized designs, breaking away from the stereotyped schoolhouse plans adopted only 18 years before.

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On motion it was ordered that the Board lease from Mary J. Phillips a lot of ground containing about three fourths of an acre for the use of School 9, District 2, that the sum to be paid for said lot shall be two hundred and fifty dollars, and the ground rent one cent, and that said lot shall be restricted to and for the use of School purposes only and for white children and that Thos. G. Ruttledge be appointed Attorney in fact to acknowledge the Lease. (3)

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CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

(continued)

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CONTINUE	ON	SEPARATE	SHEET	ΙF	NECESSARY
----------	----	----------	-------	----	-----------

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 0.72

See Map 66 Parcel P158.

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Beginning on center line of Liberty Road:

- a. N21W 21 perches on Deer Park Road
- b. S53W 11.1 perches to CL of Liberty Road
- c. S53-3/4E 21 perches along Liberty Road.

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE None COUNTY None

None COUNTY None

III FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

John W. McGrain, Historic Preservation Officer	
ORGANIZATION	DATE
Baltimore County Office of Planning and Zoning	October 1979
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
401 Bosley Avenue	494-3495
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Towson	Maryland 21204

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RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

John E. A. Cunningham was paid \$150.99 for "Furnishing Sch. 9, Dist. 2." in July of 1879. (5)

Late in the same year, the board reported:

The application for curtains for School 9 District 2 was referred to the Secretary, Thos. C. Bruff with power to act, and the erection of outbuildings for same School was referred to W. M. Isaac with power to act. (6)

The annual report announced in 1879 that:

School 9, District 2, is near Harrisonville. For a number of years, School was held in a damp basement rented for the purpose. The house, though expensive, is one of the most complete one-room buildings in the State, and will stand as a monument to the untiring energy of its originators. (7)

The same report shows that the contract price was \$3,825.00 and that some \$2,325.00 had been paid before the end of the fiscal year, which ended September 30. (8)

Baltimore County had been authorized to set up a school system by the General Assembly in 1848 and a citizen board founded new schools and took over locally incorporated "academies." Schools were mentioned in reports as struggling along in converted corncribs, private dwellings, and a warehouse basement. Board minutes reveal that some church halls were used as schools under lease arrangements. A standardized set of school designs by Thomas J. Dixon had been adopted in 1860, but apparently fell into disfavor as the board became more Possibly Dixon's fame in designing two nearby jails cast an unfortunate association over his plain and practical type of school.

Only a year before building at Harrisonville, the Board boasted in its annual report:

The state of the s

In constructing school houses, the architecture has been greatly improved. They are no longer built of the roughest materials without symmetry or design, and stuck in some remote corner of the school district, but the most desirable and convenient sites are selected, upon which substantial houses, neat in design, ornamental in appearance with all the modern improvements, are erected. Considerable attention has been given to ventilating, heating and lighting. The school rooms are so arranged that the pupils sit at their desks without having a glare of light blinding their eyes. The temperature can be reduced and impure air removed, without opening windows and doors—a method of ventilation fruitful only of colds and doctors' bills. (9)

And in 1885, the Board looked back on a period of active school construction, reporting:

During the past decade much more has been expended on school houses. Substantial brick or stone buildings now replace the old time frame shells which were as a rule miserably located and built. These houses need only to be seen to be known forever thereafter. They are all fashioned after the same plan, if such it may be called, and a vestibule 4 by 6 feet for an entrance is, the only thing to relieve them from being mistaken for a barn or stable. In this age of progress the schools should be in the van. School houses should be substantial, ornamental and commodious; they should be located on the most central and desirable sites to be found in their respective neighborhoods; the play grounds attached should be ample and should be separated for the two sexes, so as to make them entirely private; they should be supplied with comfortable furniture and be properly ventilated, heated, and lighted; in fact a good school house, to be attractive, should have all the comforts and conveniences of a good house. (10)

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NOTES:

- 1. Report of the Board of County School Commissioners of Baltimore County for the Year Ending September 30, 1878 (Towsontown, 1879), p. 8.
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- 15. B.C. Deeds, WHM 653:18, 19.
- 16. B.C. Deeds, CWB JR. 900:89.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AND PHOTOSTAPHS MAY BE ADDED ON SHEET OF SAME SIZE

L STATE Maryland

COUNTY Baltimore

TOWN Harrisonvillectnity Dist. II

STREET NO. Liberty Road and Deer

Park Road

ORIGINAL OWNER
ORIGINAL USE
PRESENT OWNER
PRESENT USE
WALL CONSTRUCTION
NO. OF STORIES

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
INVENTORY BA-152

2 NAME Harrisonville Public School

DATE OR PERIOD 1878

STYLE ARCHITECT BUILDER

3. FOR LIBRARY OF CONGRESS USE

4. NOTABLE FEATURES, HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND DESCRIPTION

OPEN TO PUBLIC

Small stone building, slate roof. Served as a school until 1927; purchased by Eleanor P. Isaac; sold to the State in 1932 to be used as the Randallstown Barracks of the State Police. Alterations were made to the building to accommodate increased personnel.

(second HABS report)
E. Frances Offutt
HABS COMMITTEE OF BALTIMORE
COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY
Harch 20, 1968

5. PHYSICAL CONDITION OF STRUCTURE Endangered

Interior

Exterior

6. LOCATION MAP (Plan Optional)

7. PHOTOGRAPH

PUBLISHED SOURCES (Author, Title, Pages)
INTERVIEWS, RECORDS, PHOTOS, ETC.

9- NAME, ADDRESS AND TITLE OF RECORDER

DATE OF RECORD

1. STATE Maryland COUNTY Baltimore TOWN Harrisonville STREET NO.

NO. OF STORIES

Liberty Rd. & Deer Park Rd. ORIGINAL USE PRESENT OWNER SCHOOL State of Md. PRESENT USE WALL CONSTRUCTION Police Barracks Stone

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY INVENTORY BA-152

2. NAME

Harrisonville Public School DATE OR PERIOD 1878 STYLE

ARCHITECT BUILDER

3. FOR LIBRARY OF CONGRESS USE

4. NOTABLE FEATURES, HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND DESCRIPTION

OPEN TO PUBLIC

Small stone building, slate roof. Served as a school until 1927 Purchased by Eleanor P. Isaacs. Sold to the State in 1932 to be used as the Randallstown Barracks of the State Police. Alterations were made to the building to accommodate increased personnel.

5. PHYSICAL CONDITION OF STRUCTURE Endangered

Interior

Exterior



6. LOCATION MAP (Plan Optional)

3. PUBLISHED SOURCES (Author, Title, Poges) INTERVIEWS, RECORDS, PHOTOS, ETC.

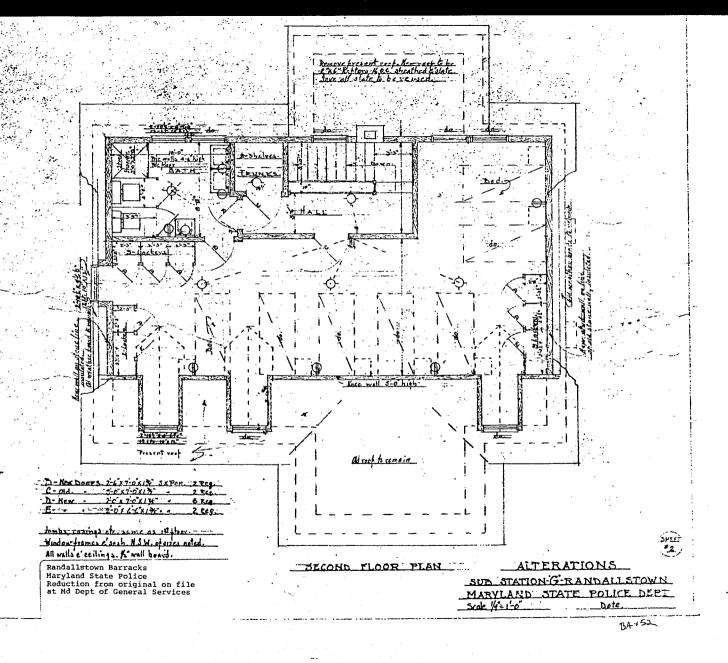
7. PHOTOGRAPH

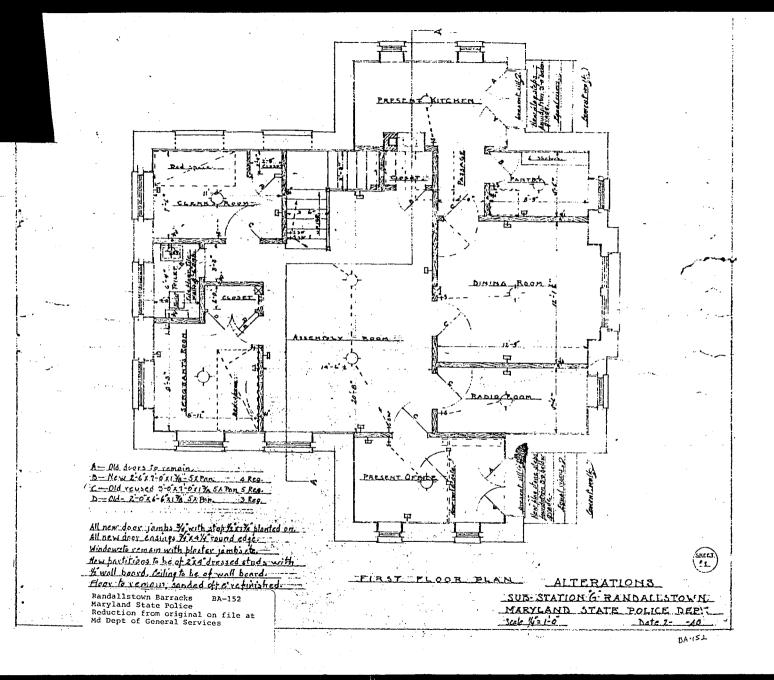
9. NAME, ADDRESS AND TITLE OF RECORDER ... HABS Comm. - Baltimore Hist. Soc Agriculture Bldg. Texas, Md.

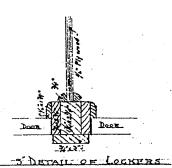
DATE OF RECORD March 20, 1968

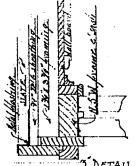
BA-152 RANDALLSTOWN BARRACKS

Mylar copies (both positives and negatives) of assorted plans, sections, and elevations are on file in Drawer 5, horizontal map files, in Maryland Historical Trust library. Reproductions are filed in sleeve noted as MHT-Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services BPW Policy Survey, 1981.

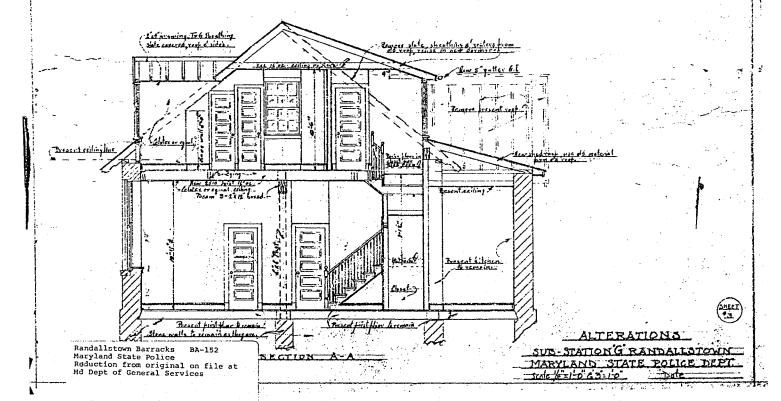


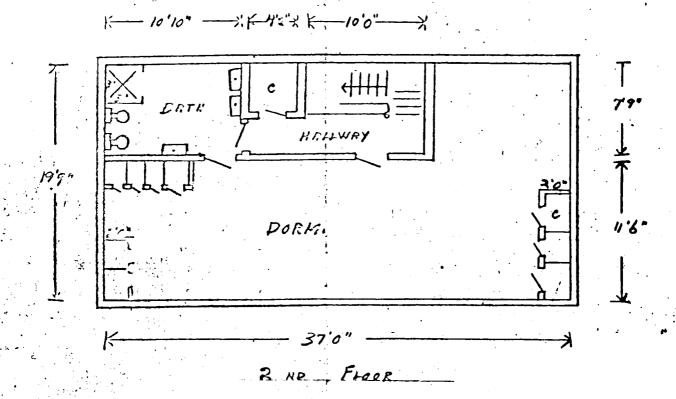


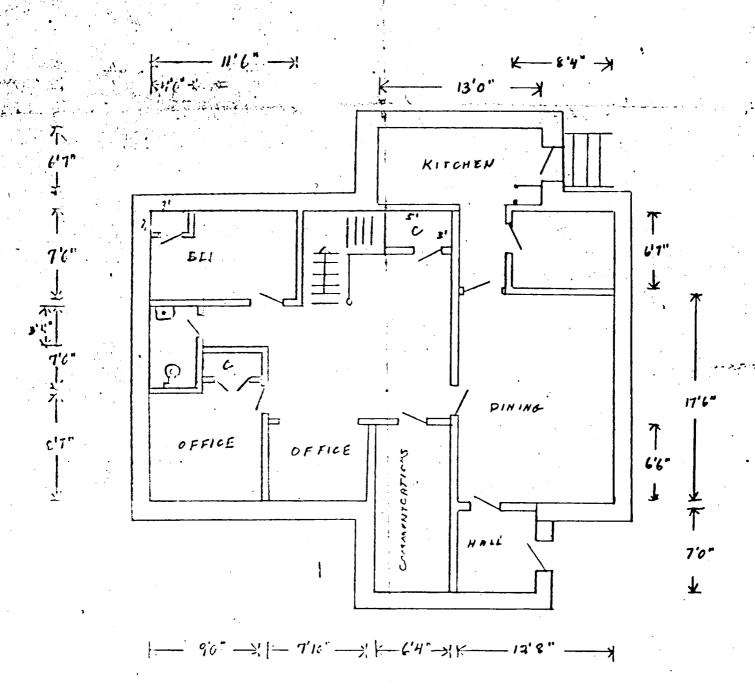




3 DETAIL OF DORMER FRAMING





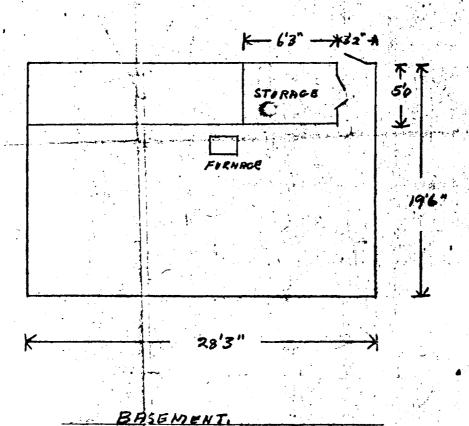


Randallstown Barracks BA-152

Maryland State Police

Reduction from original on file at

Md Dept of General Services

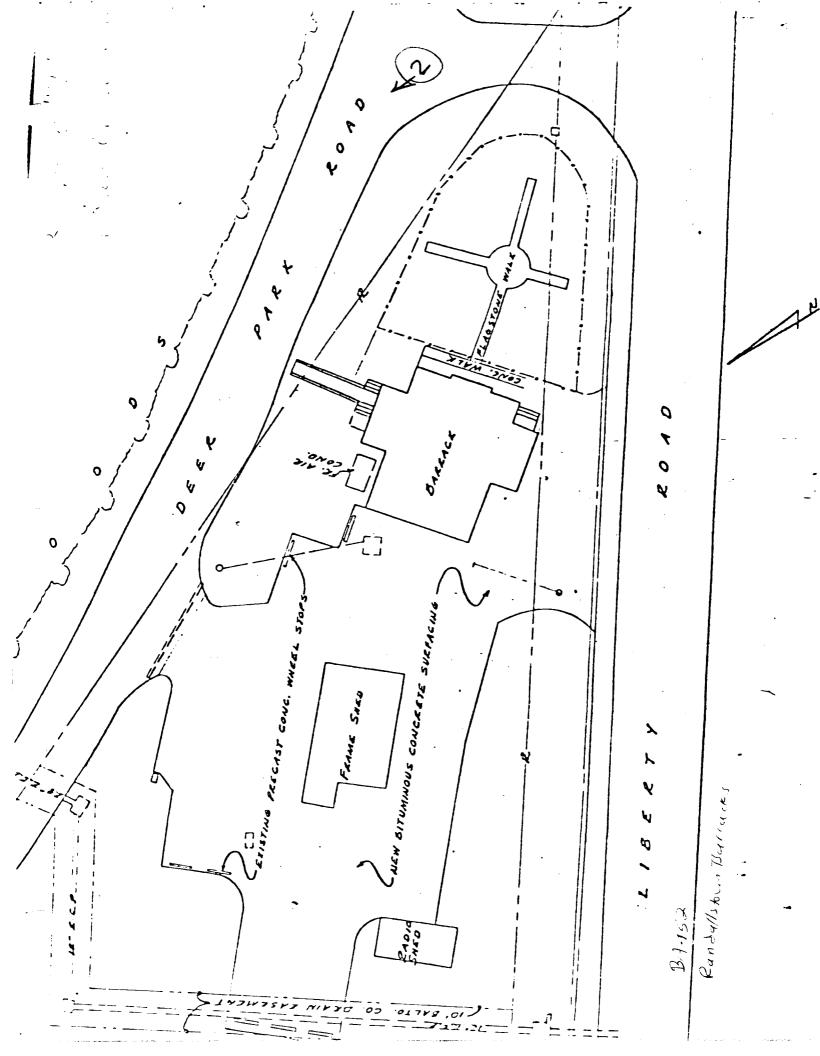


SCALE 1/8'=1'

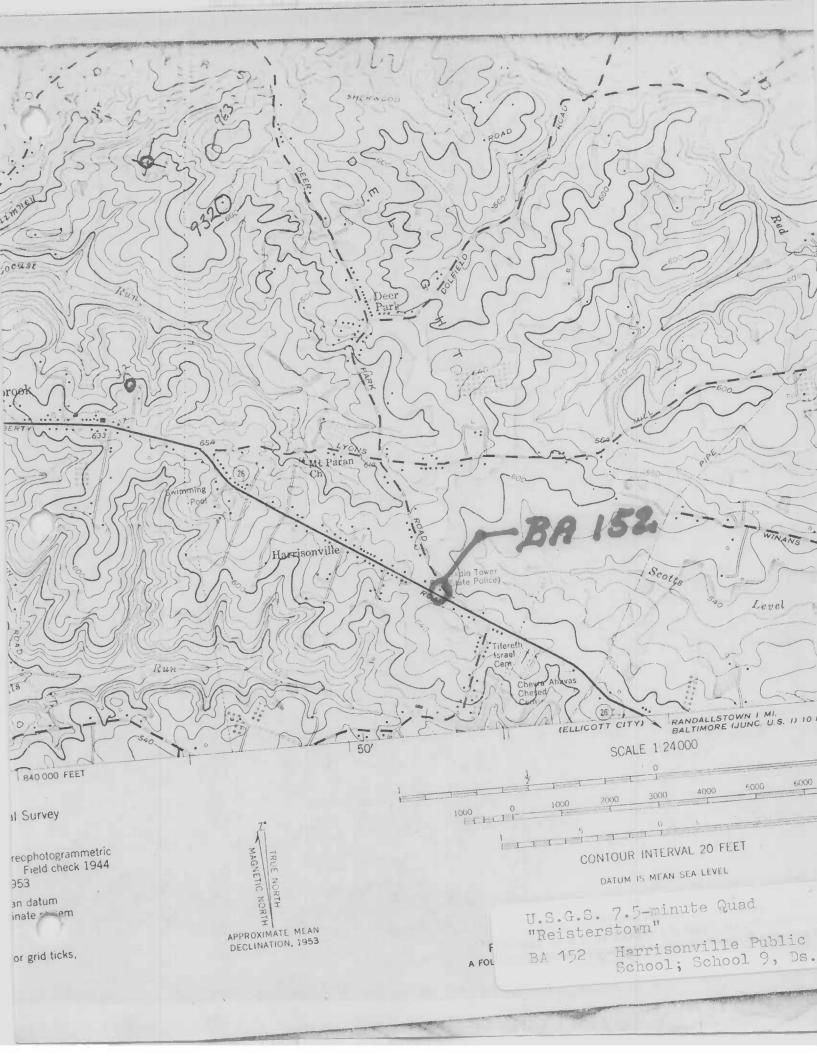
BARRACK "G", MARYLAND STATE POLICE.

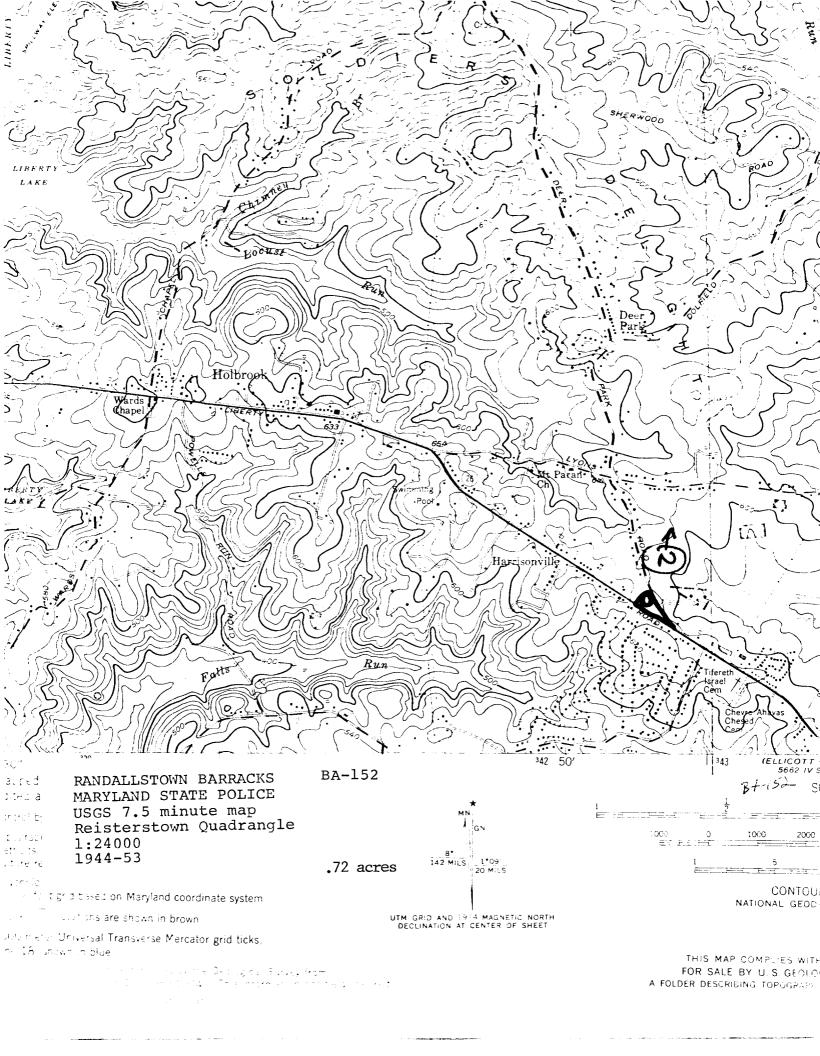
RANDALISTONE MARYLANI 3-26-55 monforde

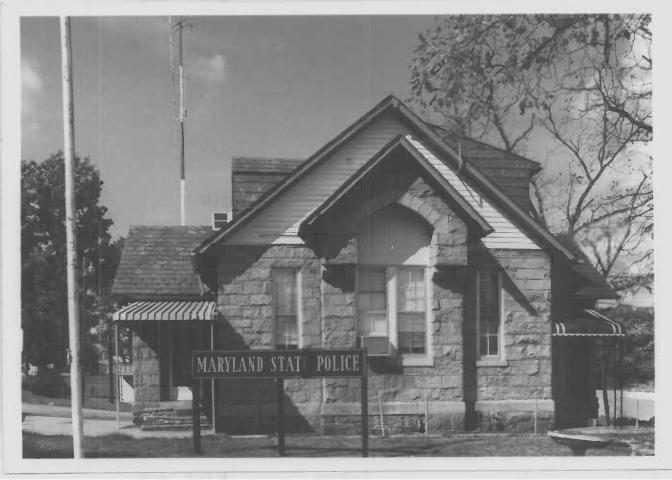
Randallstown Barracks BA-152 Maryland State Police Reduction from original on file at Md Dept of General Services











Randallstown Barracks BA-152
Maryland State Police
Baltimore County, Maryland
Susanne Moore
October 1980
Md Historical Trust, Annapolis, Md
Front (south) facade



BA-152 Randallstown Barracks

Maryland State Police

Baltimore County, Maryland

Susanne Moore

October 1980

View southward (stable in foreground)

Md Historical Trust, Annapolis, Md



HARRISONVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOL BA 152
Liberty & Deer Park Roads, Randallstown, Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain
Neg. at MHT
Main facade from east
Photograph 1 of 4



HARRISONVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOL BA 152
Liberty & Deer Park Roads, Randallstown, Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain
Neg. located at MHT
Main facade (east) and south facade
from SE
Photograph 2 of 2



HARRISONVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOL BA 152
Liberty & Deer Park Roads, Randallstown, Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain
Neg. located at MHT
South (Liberty Road) facade from south
Photograph 3 of 4



HARRISONVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOL BA 152
Liberty & Deer Park Roads, Randallstown, Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain
Neg. located at MHT
North (Deer Park Road) facade from N.
Photograph 4 of 4